Topics	
The Trinity	
Artistic expressions of the Trinity	
Incarnation	
Jesus as Son of God/Lord	
Son of Man	
The Arian Heresy	
Jesus as Christ, Son of David	
Prayer and the trinity	
Jesus as the perfect human being	
Virtue signalling and hypocritical behaviour	

Knowledge organiser: Year 7 Unit 3: Galilee to Jerusalem

Key words	**Trinity: The belief that there are three persons in one God; the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit** **Incarnation: The belief that God took on the human condition in Jesus** **Hypostatic union: The combination of divine and human natures in the single person of Christ** **Messiah: A Hebrew title meaning "Anointed One". It refers to a person chosen by God to save and lead His people** **Christ: A Greek title given to Jesus meaning "Anointed One" or "Messiah". It shows that Jesus is the promised saviour** **Lord ; A title showing power and authority. Christians use it for God and for Jesus** **Son of God: A title for Jesus that shows His special relationship with God the Father and His divine nature** **Son of Man: A title Jesus often used for Himself. It emphasises His humanity and His role as God's chosen one** **Heresy: A belief or teaching that goes against the official teachings of the Church** **Doctrine: An official teaching from the Catholic Church** **Arianism: A belief put forward by Arius that Jesus was not truly God and was created by God the Father. The Church rejected this teaching as a heresy** **Creed: A statement of Christian beliefs** **Lex orandi, Lex credendi: A Latin phrase meaning "the law of prayer is the law of belief". It means that what Christians pray shows what they believe** **Icon: A religious image used in prayer and worship, especially in Orthodox Christianity**
Teacher assessed work	**Presentation**: 'What if' Jesus was not the Son of God?
Stretch and challenge	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zbj48mn/revision/2 https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/trinity/ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7sYuTW9a7m0 https://www.spectator.co.uk/article/the-awful-rise-of-virtue-signalling/

Trinity	**Incarnation**	**Titles of Jesus**	**Jesus as the perfect human being/an example for Christians**
-The doctrine of the Trinity teaches that there is one God who is three persons: The Father, the Son (Jesus) and the Holy Spirit. The Nicene Creed is a statement of faith about the core beliefs held by Catholics- t is structured around the three persons of the Trinity and outlines core beliefs about the Father, Son and Holy Spirit for Catholics. **The Arian heresy went against Catholic beliefs about the trinity.** Arius said that Jesus was created by God the Father and therefore God the Father was more powerful. The Church decided this viewpoint was heresy because it goes against the doctrine of the Trinity. There are many artistic expressions of the trinity. **<u>The trinity in Catholic worship</u>** **<u>-Lex Orandi, Lex Credendi</u>** is a phrase used by Catholics to explain the connection between worship and beliefs. It means that Catholic prayer and worship is underpinned by beliefs. Therefore, the trinity is NOT just a belief that Christians have, it influences/underpins their worship of God. -The Trinity is reflected in Catholic prayer, for example in the Sign of the Cross. The whole Mass is also an experience of God as trinity. In **Mass,** Catholics believe the offering that Jesus made to the Father on the cross is made really present by the action of the Holy Spirit. During the liturgy of the Eucharist in the Mass, bread and wine is offered and becomes the body and blood of Jesus through the power of the Holy Spirit, this is then offered in thanksgiving to the Father.	-The incarnation is a Catholic doctrine which states that Jesus was God in human form. God took on human form through the person of Jesus out of love for humanity. Catholics therefore believe that Jesus was both fully human and fully God. God became a human being in the person of Jesus, to offer humanity the chance of salvation. **John 3:16- "For God so loved the world that he gave his only Son, so that everyone who believes in him may not perish but may have eternal life.'** **The Nicene creed professes belief in the incarnation.**	**<u>Son of God</u>** • This title shows that Jesus is the Son of the Father and truly God. • In the Old Testament, there are prophecies that the Messiah will be God's 'son' (e.g. Psalms 2:7). • In the New Testament, God the Father calls Jesus his 'beloved Son' during Jesus' baptism. **<u>Lord</u>** • The early Christians used the title 'Lord' to express their belief that Jesus is God, as in the Old Testament this title is used for God (e.g. Exodus 3:14–15). • In the New Testament, the disciples use the title as a term of respect and to recognise that Jesus is God (e.g. John 21:1–13) **<u>Son of Man</u>** • This title is a reminder that Jesus is a human being who wants to serve others (e.g. in Psalms 8:4 in the Old Testament, and in the story of the Request of James and John in the New Testament). • The title is also used to emphasise Jesus' divine power and authority (e.g. when describing the Last Day of Judgement in Mark's Gospel). **<u>Christ and Son of David</u>** • Christ' is a title from the Hebrew 'Messiah', which means anointed one. • There are prophecies in the Old Testament about the Messiah, including that the Messiah will be an ancestor of King David (e.g. 1 Kings 9:5). • In the New Testament, Jesus is called the Son of David by people who recognise him as the Messiah (e.g. in the story of Palm Sunday).	- Through Jesus, Christians can experience the full presence of God on earth. - Jesus set the perfect example of how to live as a human being because he was truly God. - Christians believe that Jesus showed agape (a pure and selfless love) when he sacrificed himself on the cross to save humanity. - Catholic Social Teaching encourages Catholics to follow Jesus' example and serve others, e.g. through charitable acts or choosing a career that helps others. - There are many people who have followed Jesus example and dedicated their life to mission- e.g. Missionaries of charity.